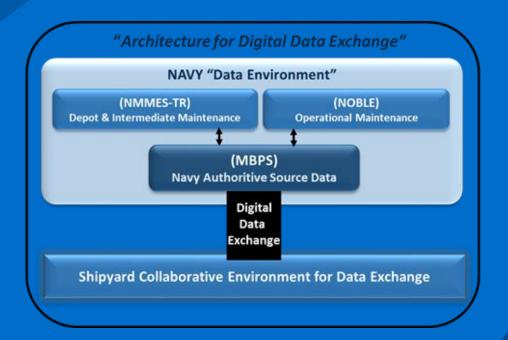
NSRP 2020

June 30, 2020

Presenters:

Philip Jennings; HII-NNS

Mark Debbink; HII-NNS







- □ NSRP Research Announcement (RA) Project Technology Transfer
- ☐ HII-Newport News Shipbuilding Overview
- Next Generation of Ship Builders and Operators
- ☐ The Shipbuilding Digital Thread
- ☐ "Minimized Standardized Content" Project Description
- ASME Standards
- Digital Ecosystem
- ☐ Shipbuilding Assembly based standards
- Navy Digital Environment
- ☐ "To Be" specifications
- Data Management/Information Technologies Objectives
- Discussion



Visit the nsrp.org site for more information.



Newport News Shipbuilding



Founded 1886



Rivets to Welding



Nuclear Power



Next Reinvention

 Largest industrial employer in Virginia, employing about 24,000 people, many of whom are third- and fourth-generation shipbuilders



 Only company capable of designing, building, refueling, overhauling and inactivating nuclear aircraft carriers for U.S. Navy

 One of only two companies capable of designing and building nuclear submarines for U.S. Navy Transforming our 130+ year company's paperbased processes to the Digital Age



 Eliminating drawings and moving toward a Model Based Enterprise (MBE)

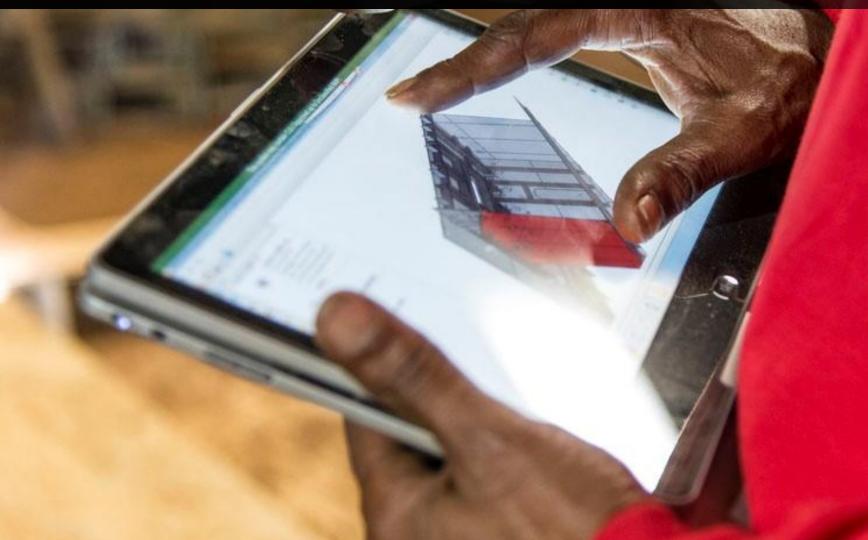
 Adopting technologies like laser scanning, digital twin, mobile computing and augmented reality





- Tech-savvy
- Constant access to information
- Expect speed and agility
- Desire meaningful work leave their mark







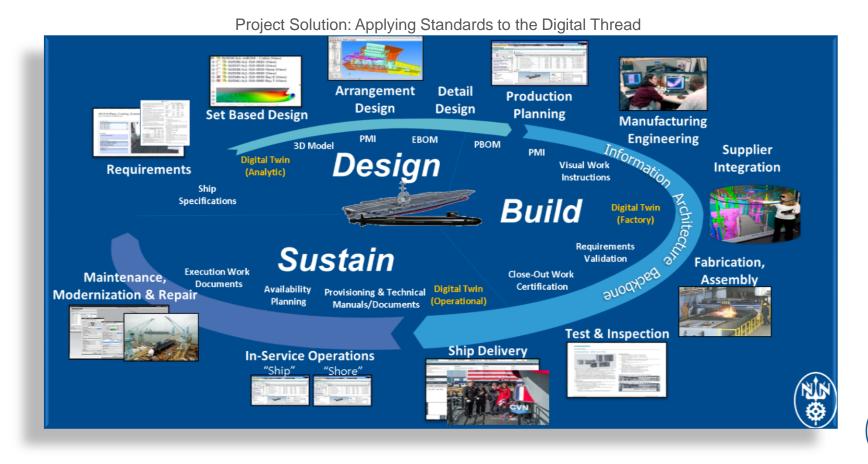
We have a problem today: The Navy is investing heavily in the digital future and is aware that the transition from legacy Shipbuilding "drawing centric processes" to "digital data centric processes" is considered *High Risk*.

This is *High Risk* is due to the magnitude of change and consequences of failure for <u>not having data exchange and delivery standards</u> (level of quality & common language) defined and in use.

The cost from a lack of defined minimum data standards, will be composed of:

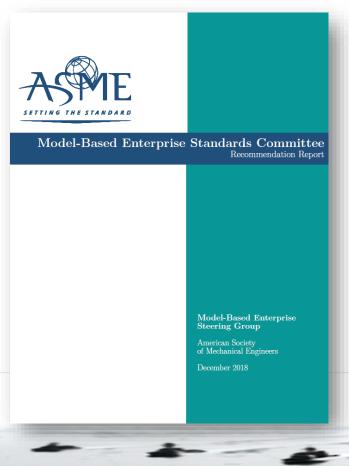
- Significant amount data recreation,
- Recovering lost or missing information,
- Added cost for managing multiple configurations,
- Lack of trust in data due to traceability.

NNS Examples: CVN80 & Columbia model based disclosure challenges.





ASME MBE Standards Committee



SCOPE: The MBE standards must provide rules and structure that facilitate creation and exchange of digital product definition (DPD) and associated data for reuse in downstream datasets, such as, analytical datasets and process-definition datasets, the standards must facilitate data exchange, sharing, and reuse between design, analysis, manufacturing, inspection, assembly, and all other lifecycle activities regardless of their originating system.

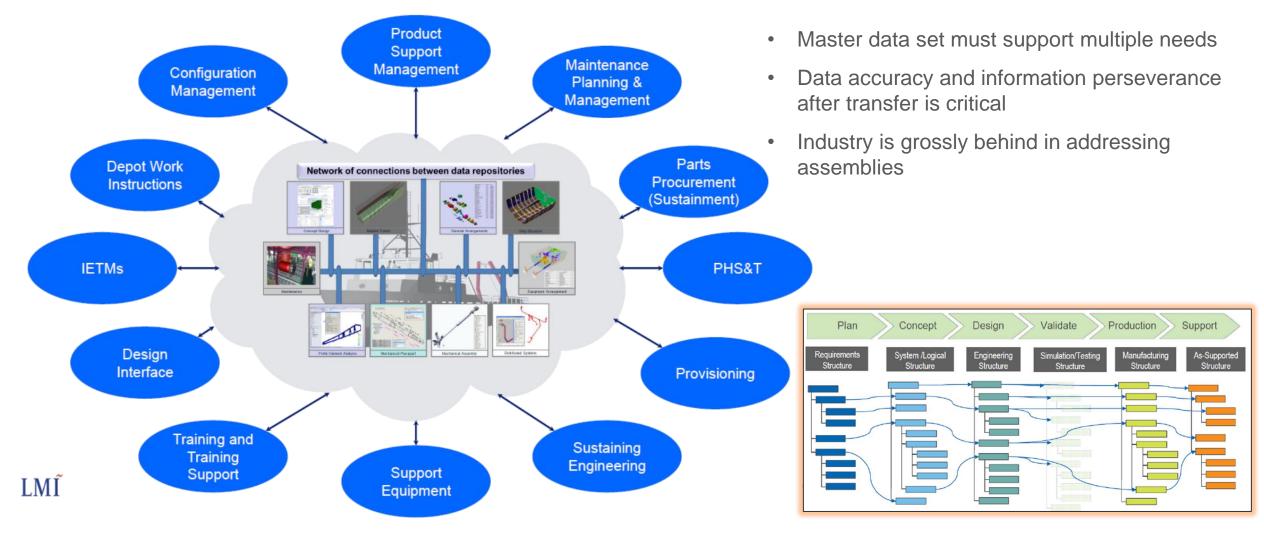
Model-based standards development (MBSD) methodology:

The MBE SG Recommends the MBE standards be developed using model-based methods and that the methodology include guidance for the following elements:

- Standards development policy
- Modeling languages
- Verification and validation (V&V)
- Configuration management

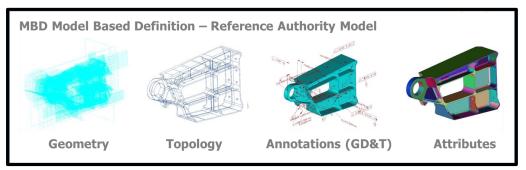
- Standard delivery
- Normative Sources
- Informative documentation
- Supportive resources

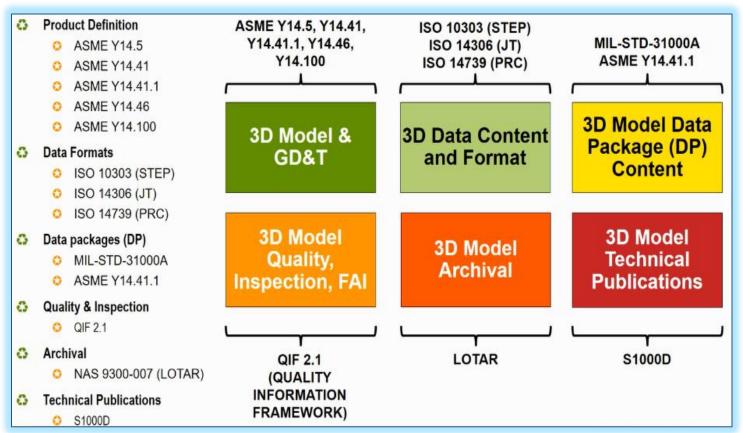


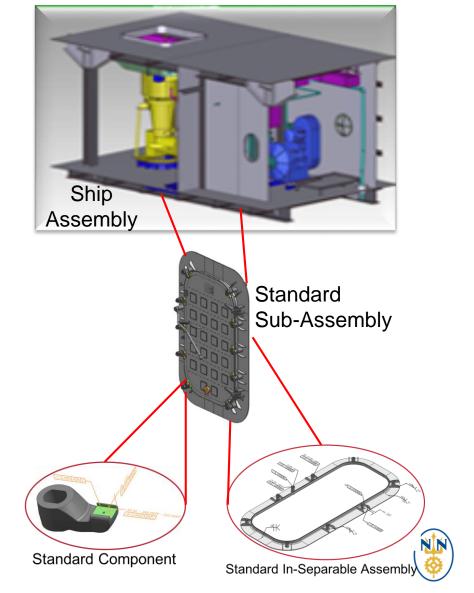


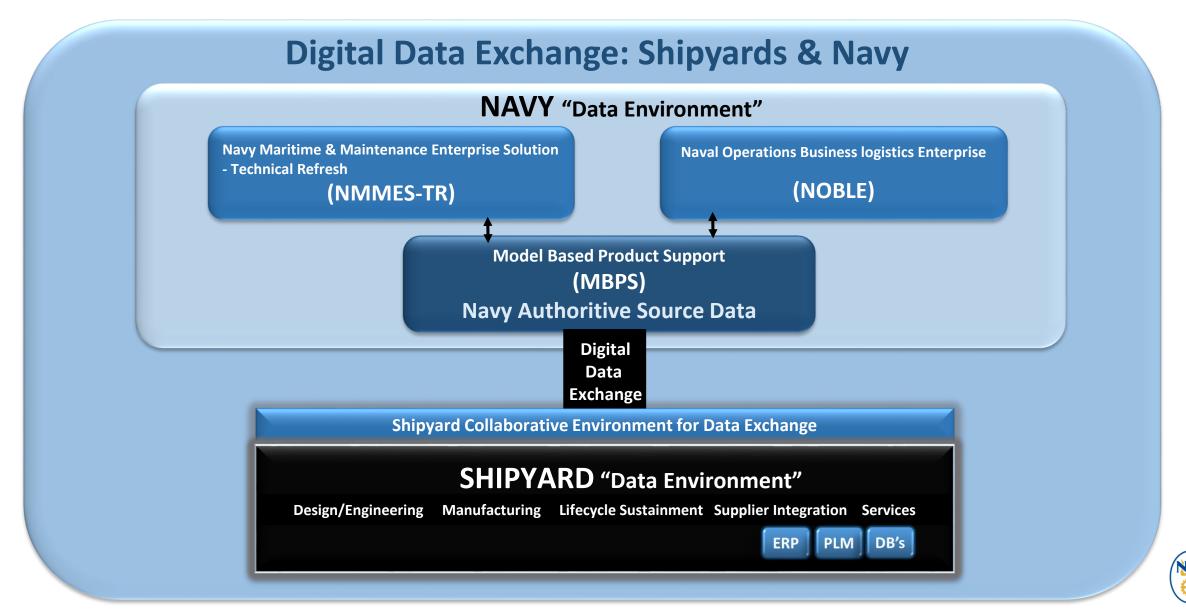
Data standards need to address the entire digital ecosystem and each stakeholder in the value stream!













The "To Be" specifications tasks:

- Identify the "as is" specifications
- Identify gaps between the given "to be" specifications and the "as is" specifications
- Develop a roadmap for resolving identified gaps regarding acquisition of digital data
- Develop Sustainment Plan detailing the governance of digital data

S-Series Specifications

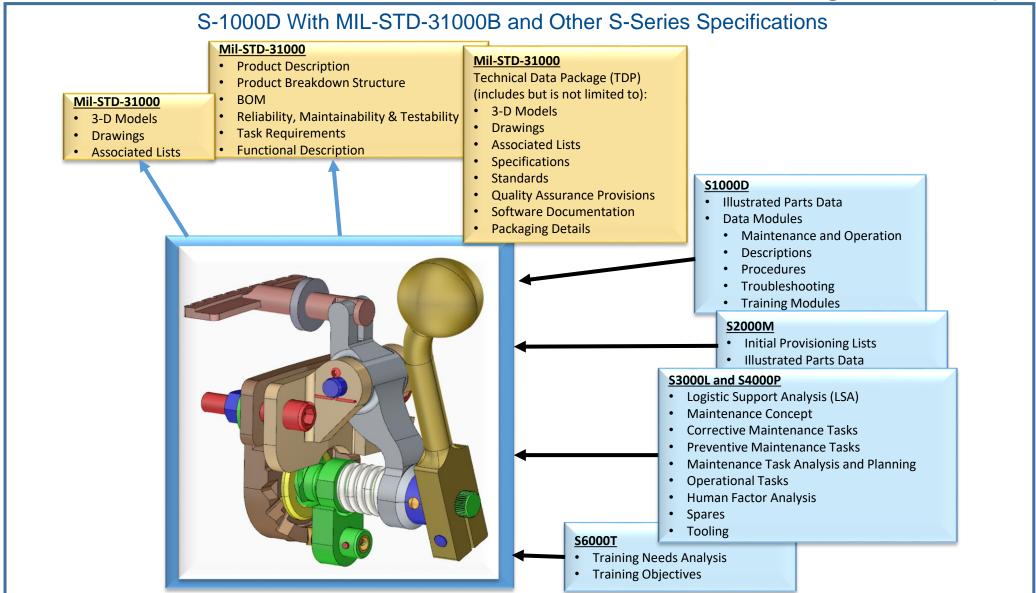
- S1000D Technical Publications
- S2000M Material Management
- S3000L Logistic Support Analysis
- S4000P Scheduled Maintenance Analysis
- S5000F Operational and Maintenance Data Feedback
- S6000T Training

Other Specification

MIL-STD-31000 - Technical Data Packages

We need to obtain consensus regarding the use of ANSI/EIA and AMSE Industry Standards







Data Management/Information Technologies Objectives:

- > Define technologies and processes that provide actionable data at point-of-use to make real time decisions.
 - Research infrastructures that deliver time sensitive data across the Digital Thread
 - Develop data governance solutions that are scalable across different enterprises to reduce disparate data formats:
 - o Identify shipyard data structures/tools/formats
 - o Consider "open" standards for data portability
 - o Investigate data exchange, delivery, interoperability, intra-operability
- Define architectural elements required for a fully Digital Shipyard with close integration with our Navy and commercial customers.
 - Identify and research Digital Shipbuilding data strategies, architectures and infrastructures to enable the digital thread; extending to the ship and its lifecycle
 - Develop the processes for maintenance and implementation of digital data and technology insertion
 - Expand shipbuilding informatics (data analytics, applications, reporting)
- Provide time-sensitive configuration management solutions throughout ship lifecycles to enable the Digital Twin.
 - Define and/or develop a configuration control strategy which is suitable for product model architectures, is efficient to maintain, provides hull-specific data for the user to maximize the use of the digital twin
 - Develop processes to provide a current state Digital Twin (virtual and physical alignment) to address changes in ship operational configurations
 - Define requirements to advance Model Based Enterprise (MBE) at the shipyards to enable the digital thread

Thank You, Discussion...

