

**Ingalls Shipbuilding**

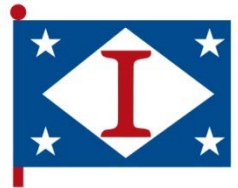
A Division of Huntington Ingalls Industries

# **NSRP Improved Methods for the Generation of Full-Ship Simulation/Analysis Models 2**

May 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2011

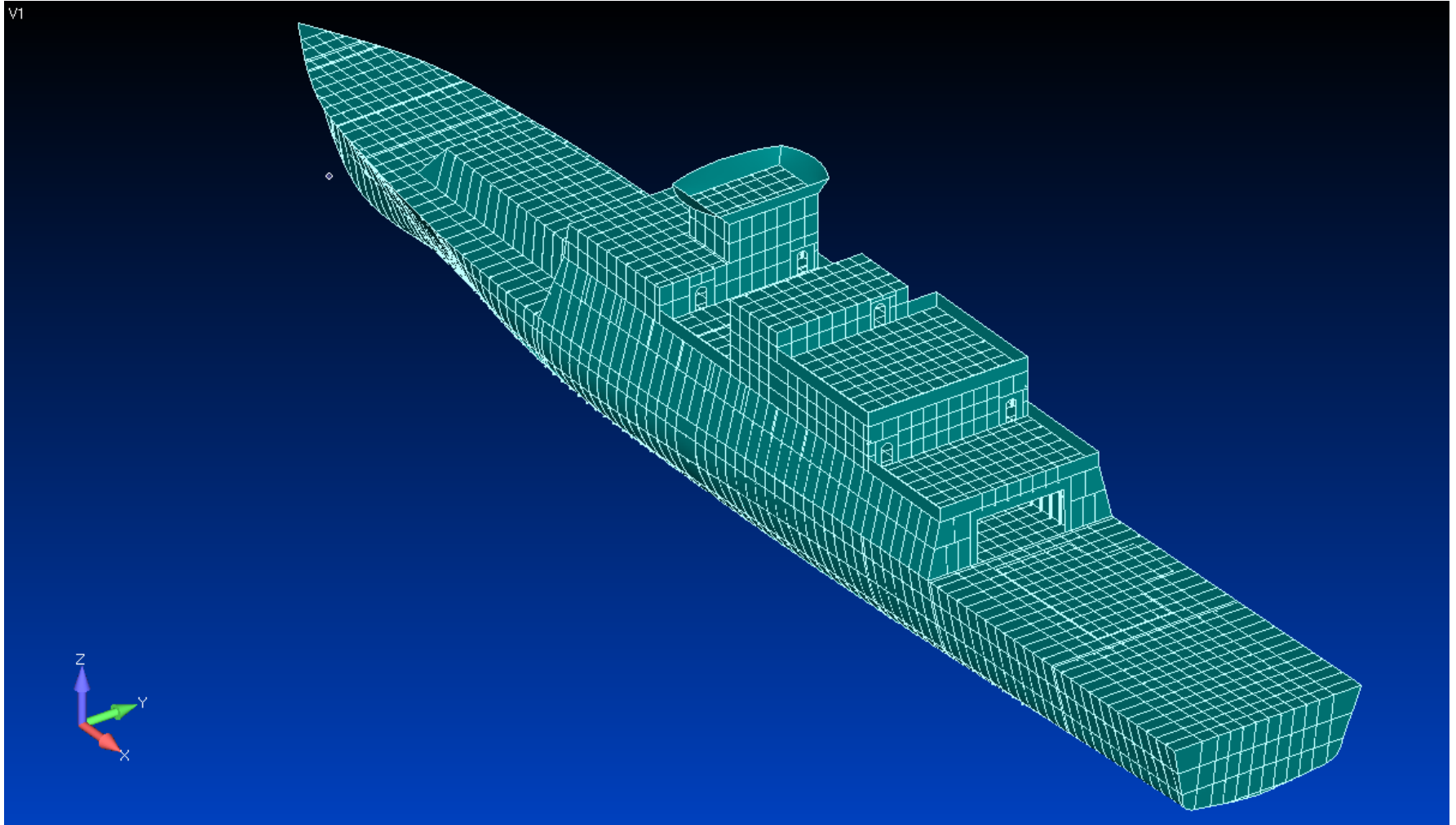
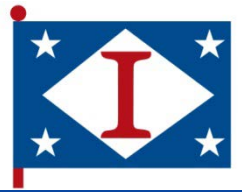
Allyn Boday  
Ingalls Shipbuilding

Sean Murphy  
Ingalls Shipbuilding

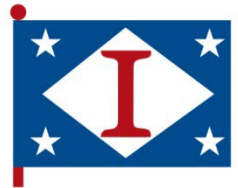


- Since 2007, a team of shipbuilders and software vendors have been conducting two **National Shipbuilding Research Program (NSRP)** projects entitled *Improved Methods for the Generation of Full-Ship Simulation/Analysis Models 1 & 2 (M&S)*
- The objective of the two projects is to reduce the cycle time required to develop large scale, full-ship analysis models for strength, stress, shock, and acoustic simulations and assessment
- The team consists of:
  - General Dynamics/Electric Boat Corporation (EB)
  - Huntington Ingalls Industries/Ingalls Shipbuilding (HII)
  - TechnoSoft Inc (TSI)
  - Dassault Systèmes Simulia Corporation
  - Product Data Services Corp. (PDSC)

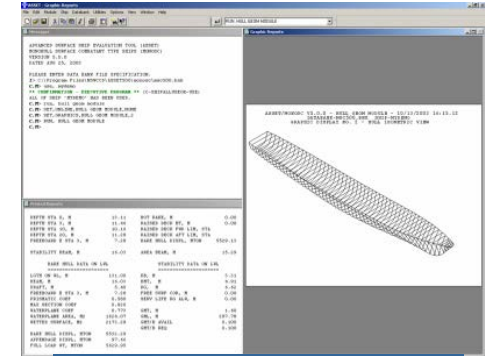
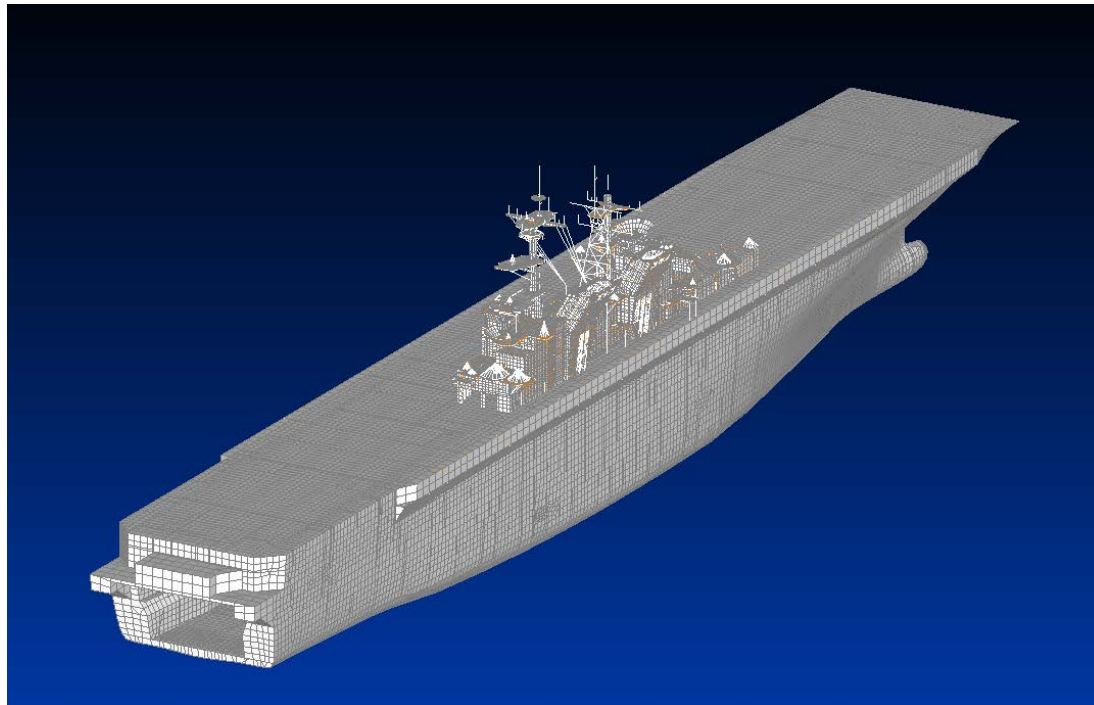
# First Type of Full-Ship Simulation/Analysis Model



# TechnoSoft AMWaves Tool Utilized

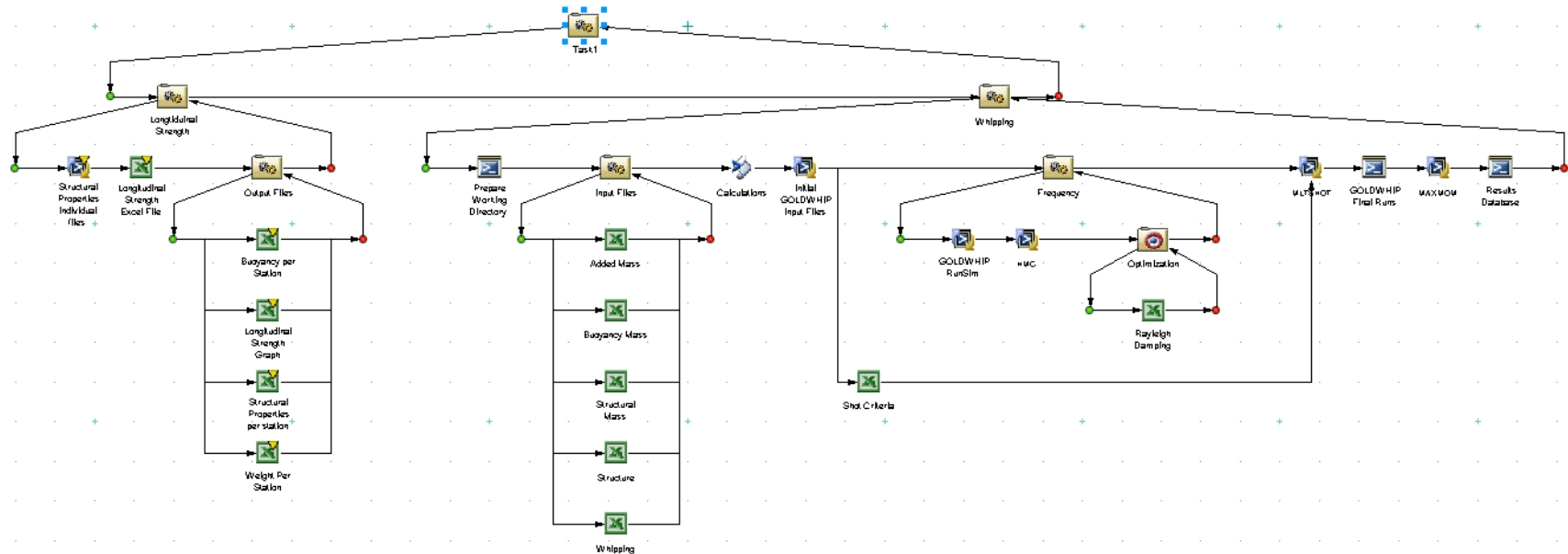
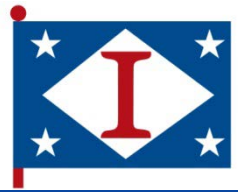


- **AMWaves** is a solution that is tailored to the Shipbuilding and Marine industry. It is an object-oriented, knowledge-based engineering modeling framework that enables multidisciplinary modeling and integration of the entire product and process development cycle.

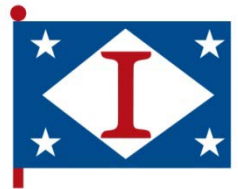


- Full-Ship Modeling from drawings
- LHD8 Full-Ship Benchmark

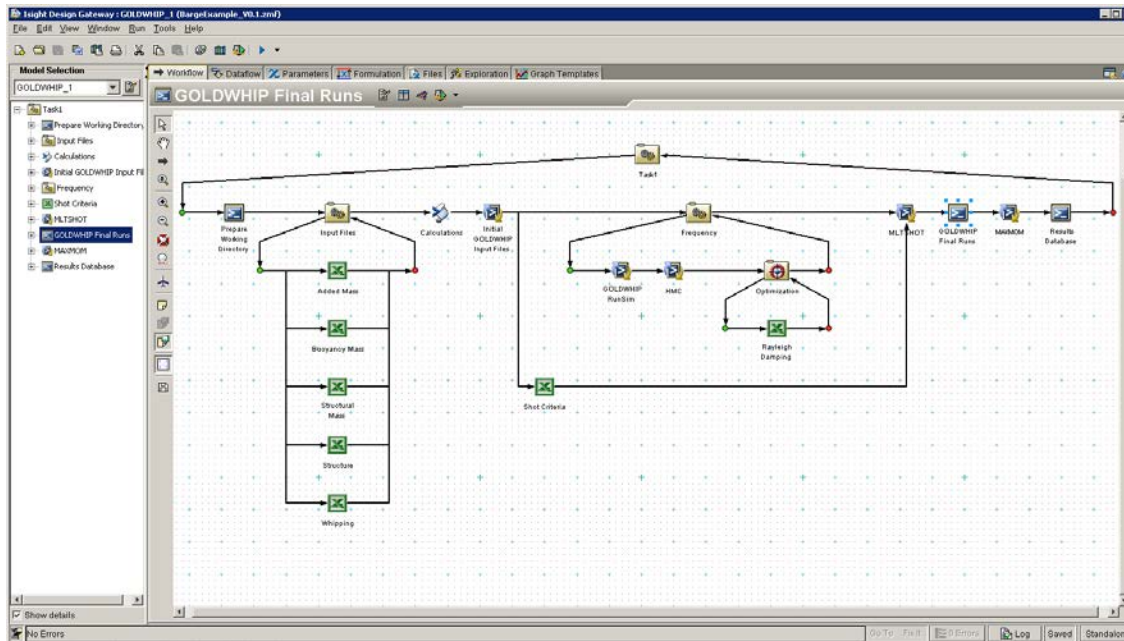
# Second Type of Full-Ship Simulation/Analysis Model



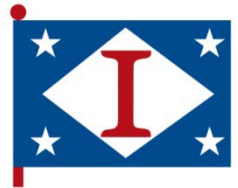
# SIMULIA Isight Tool Utilized



- **Isight** is a desktop solution that provides a suite of visual and flexible tools for creating simulation process flows—consisting of a variety of applications, including commercial CAD/CAE software, internally developed programs, and Excel spreadsheets—in order to automate the exploration of design alternatives and identification of optimal performance parameters



# HII M&S 2, Phase 1 Project Efforts

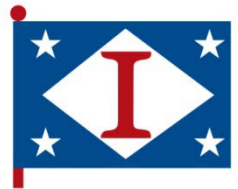


- HII emphasized improvement of modeling processes using legacy systems and applications in the M&S 2, Phase 1 project
- 4 analysis data flows were modeled in Isight
  - Beam Model Development and Analysis
  - Whipping Analysis
  - Longitudinal Strength Analysis
  - Post Analysis Processing
- Concentrated on the Noise, Shock, and Vibration analysis business processes

# HII M&S 2, Phase 2 Project Efforts

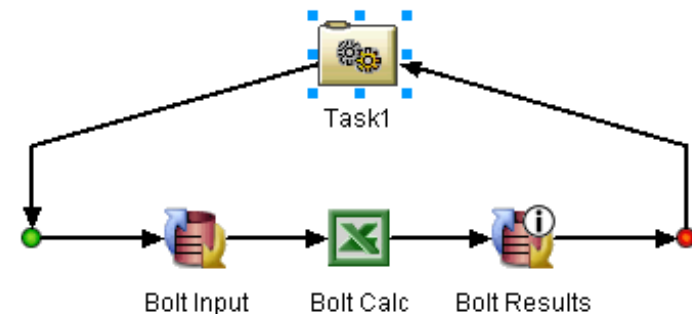
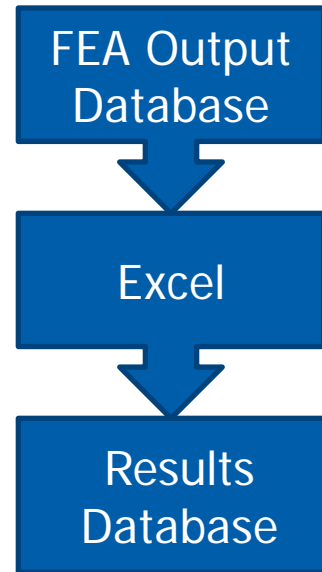


- Originally, 8 simulation data flows (Simflows) were proposed to be developed and evaluated during this phase of the project:
  - Bolt Calculation
  - Foundation Analysis
  - UERD Tools
  - Shipweight
  - Pipe Hanger Support
  - Rafting Foundation
  - Linearized Stress
  - Optimized Linearized Stress
- 7 Complete, 1 still in development (expected to be complete by June 2011)
- As the project progressed, 3 Additional Simflows added and under development
  - Optimized Foundation Analysis
  - RCS Analysis
  - Full Rafting Analysis

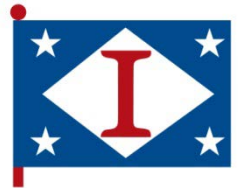


# Bolt Calculation Simflow

- This simflow is a Structural Analysis Legacy Process
- The objective of this simflow is to calculate the stress levels in the bolts of equipment based on the loading from the foundation analysis
- This simflow is intended to be a sub task of the overall Foundation Analysis Simflow

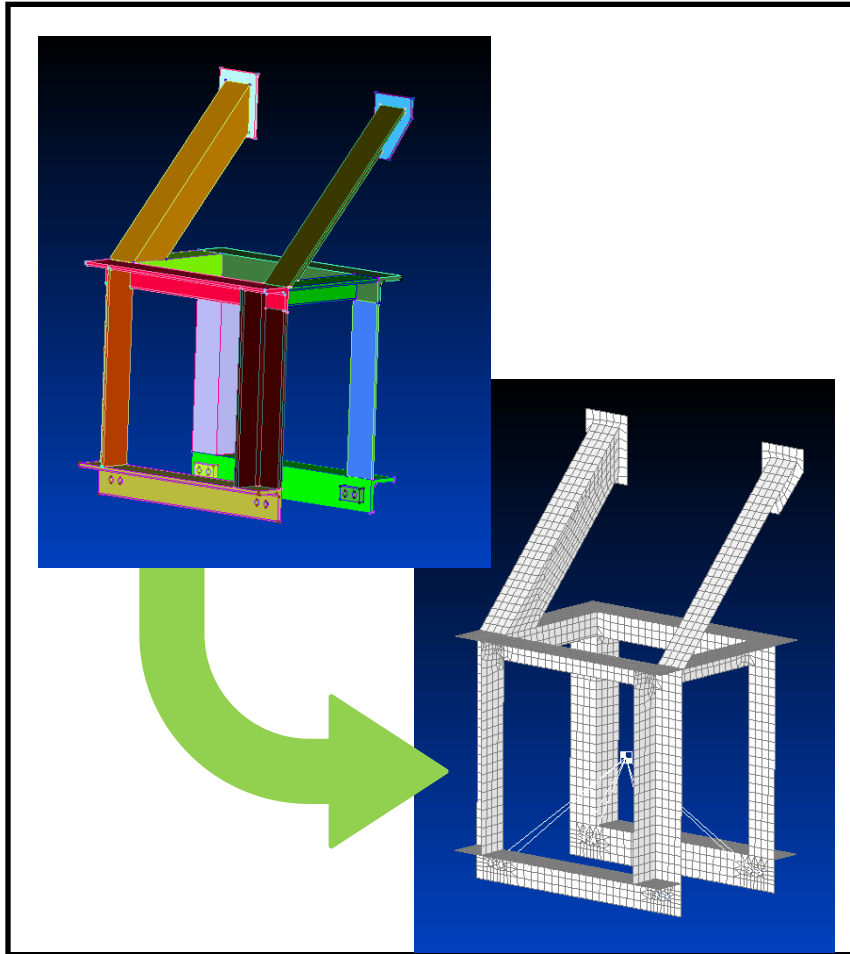
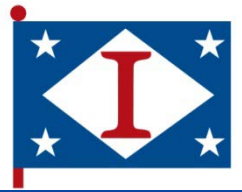


# Foundation Analysis, Part 1 and 2

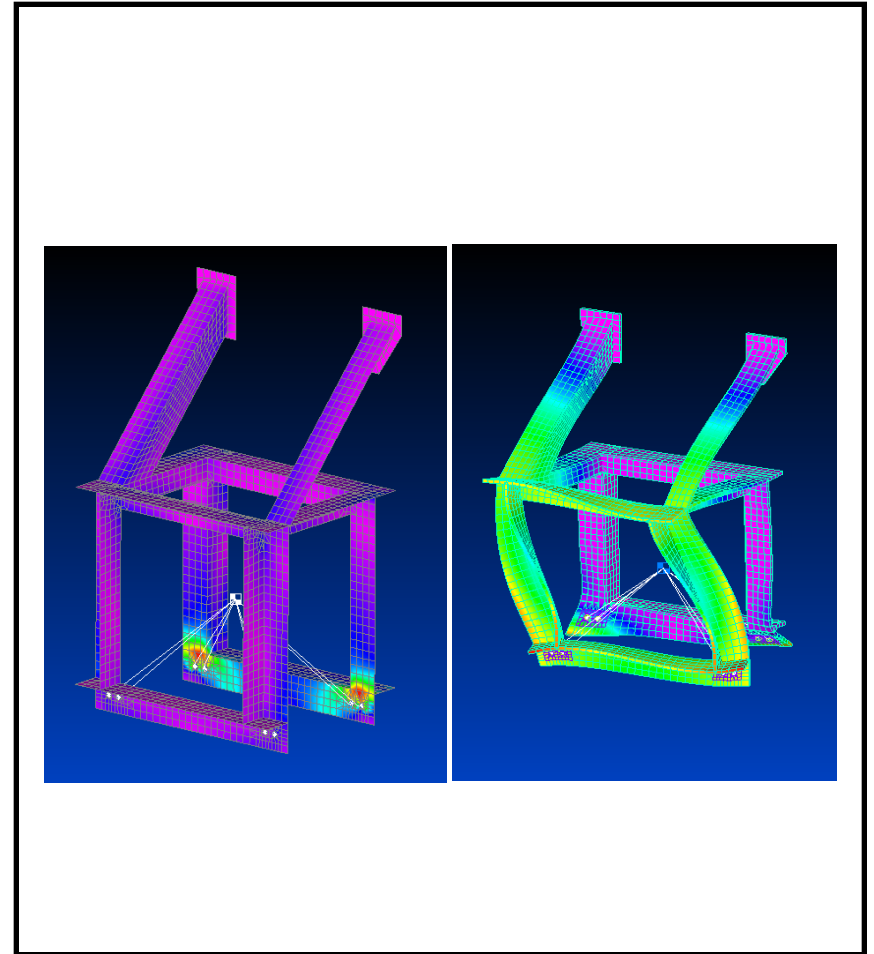


- Significant number of foundation models are built and analyzed for every ship
- Modeling and analysis requires the development of a Finite Element (FE) model from CAD data and then running that model through a series of analyses
- For the purposes of this project, the foundation process was broken into 2 parts
  - Foundation Part 1 – Model Development Improvements
    - Proof of concept being developed by Simulia
  - Foundation Part 2 - Analysis Processing and Results Evaluation
    - Isight Simflows being developed by both Ingalls Shipbuilding and Simulia

# Foundation Analysis, Part 1 and 2

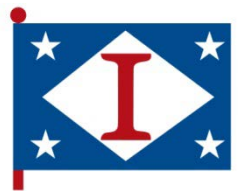


Foundation Part 1

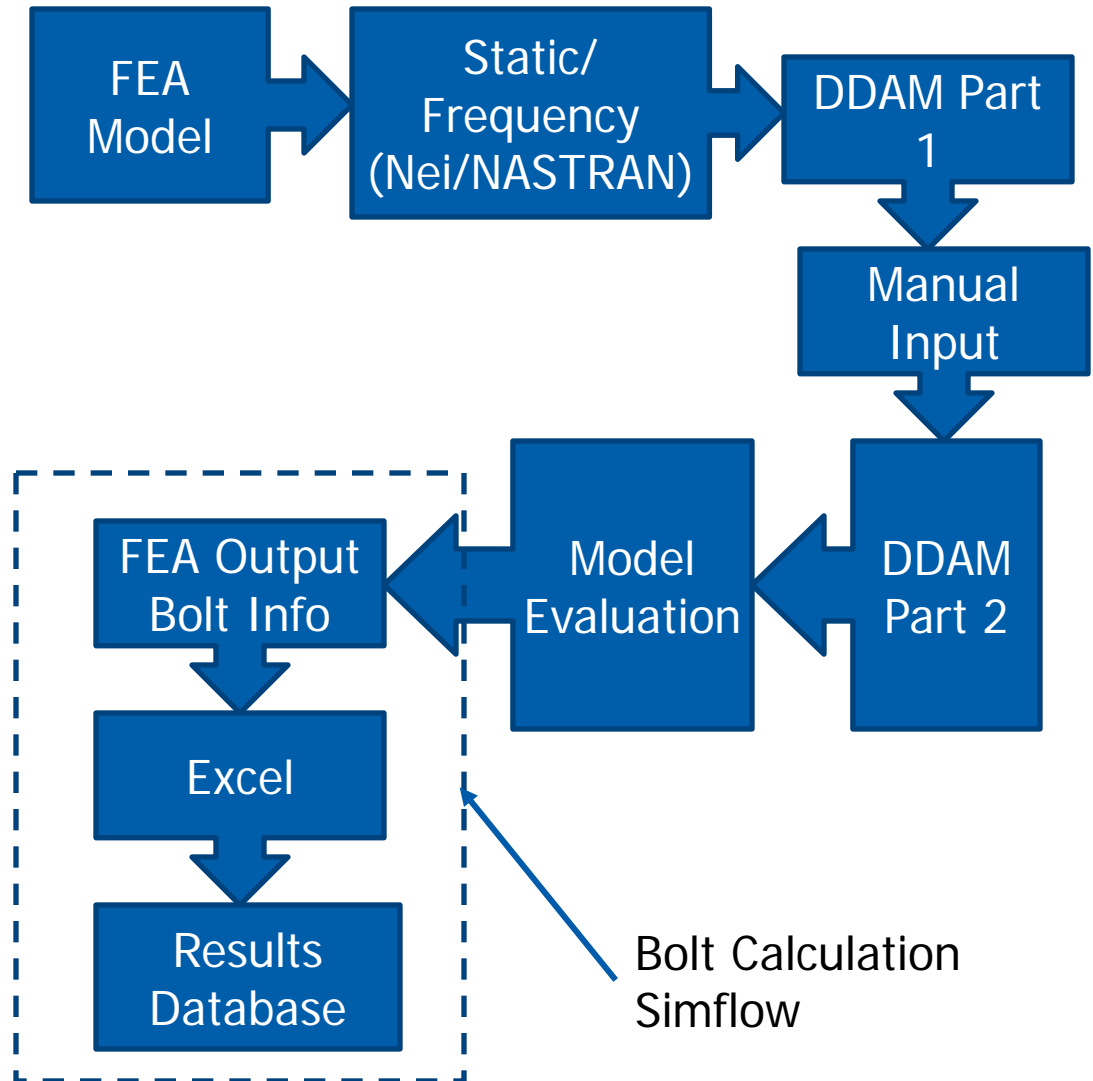


Foundation Part 2

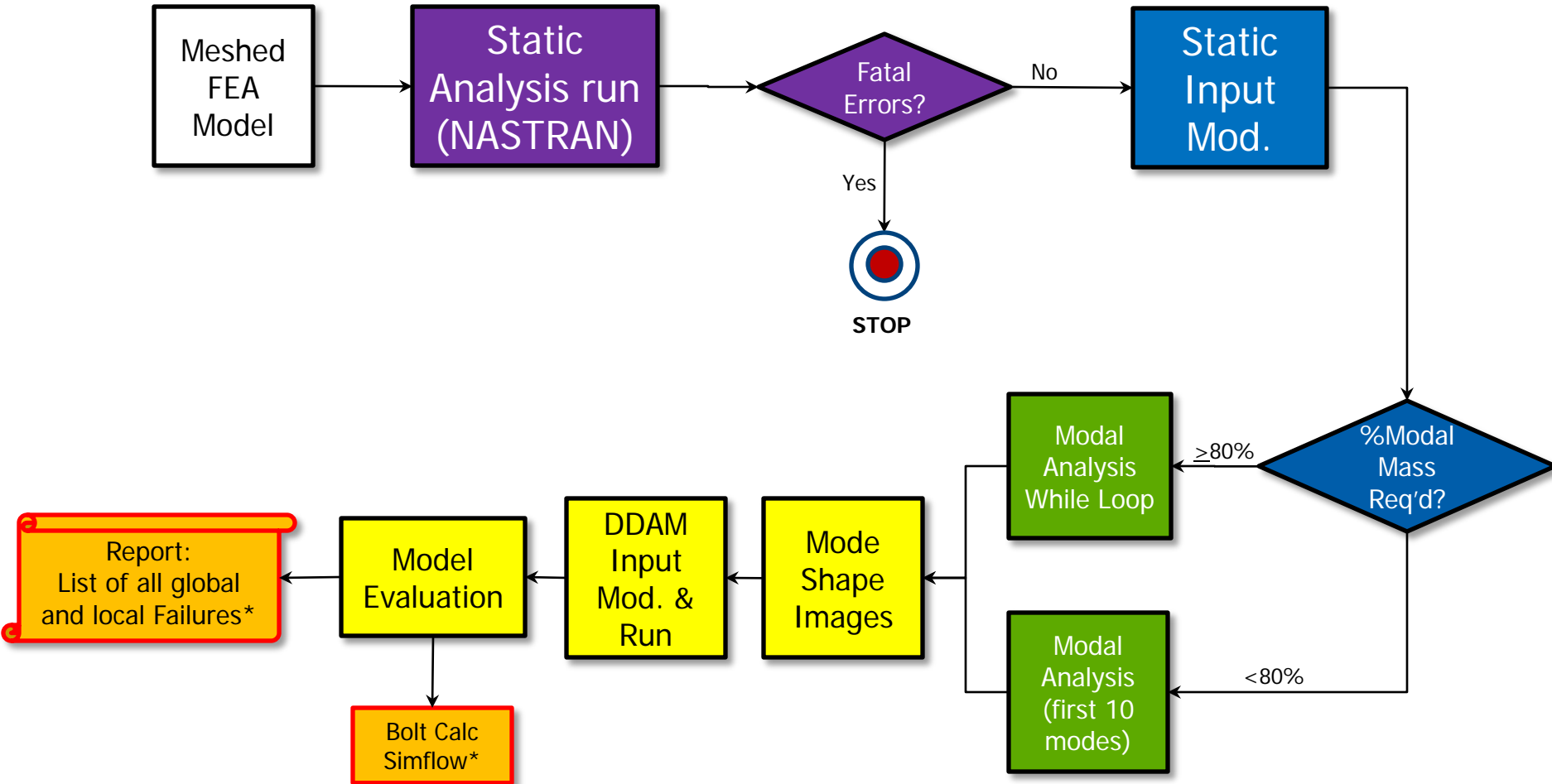
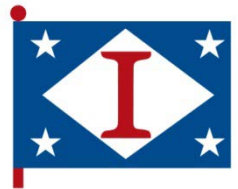
# Foundation Analysis Part 2 Simflow: Initial Simflow Layout



- This is a Structural Analysis Legacy Process
- The objective of the simflow is to streamline the foundation analysis process based on an existing FEA foundation model
- This simflow is the most advanced simflow we have worked on. It requires multiple evaluations and multiple analysis runs.



# Foundation Analysis Part 2: Simflow Design

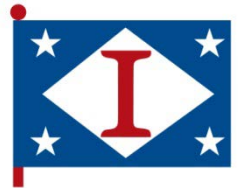


\*These steps have yet to be fully incorporated

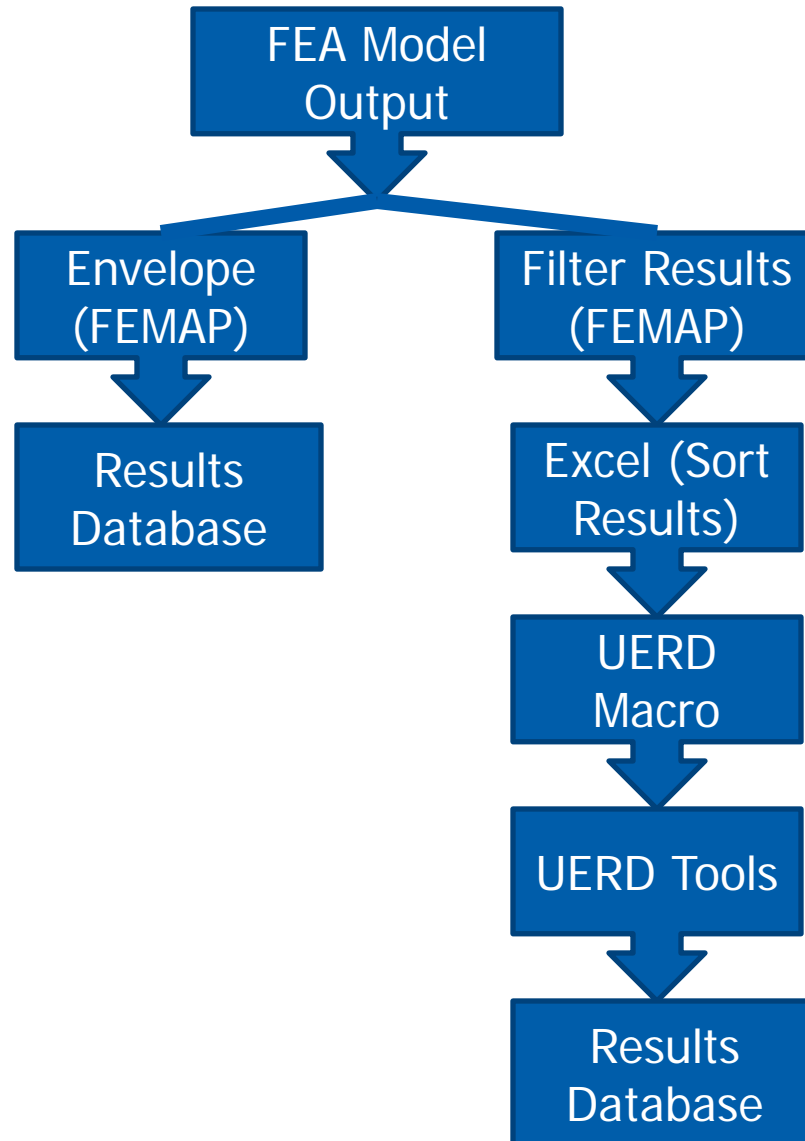


# Results Evaluation with UERD Tools

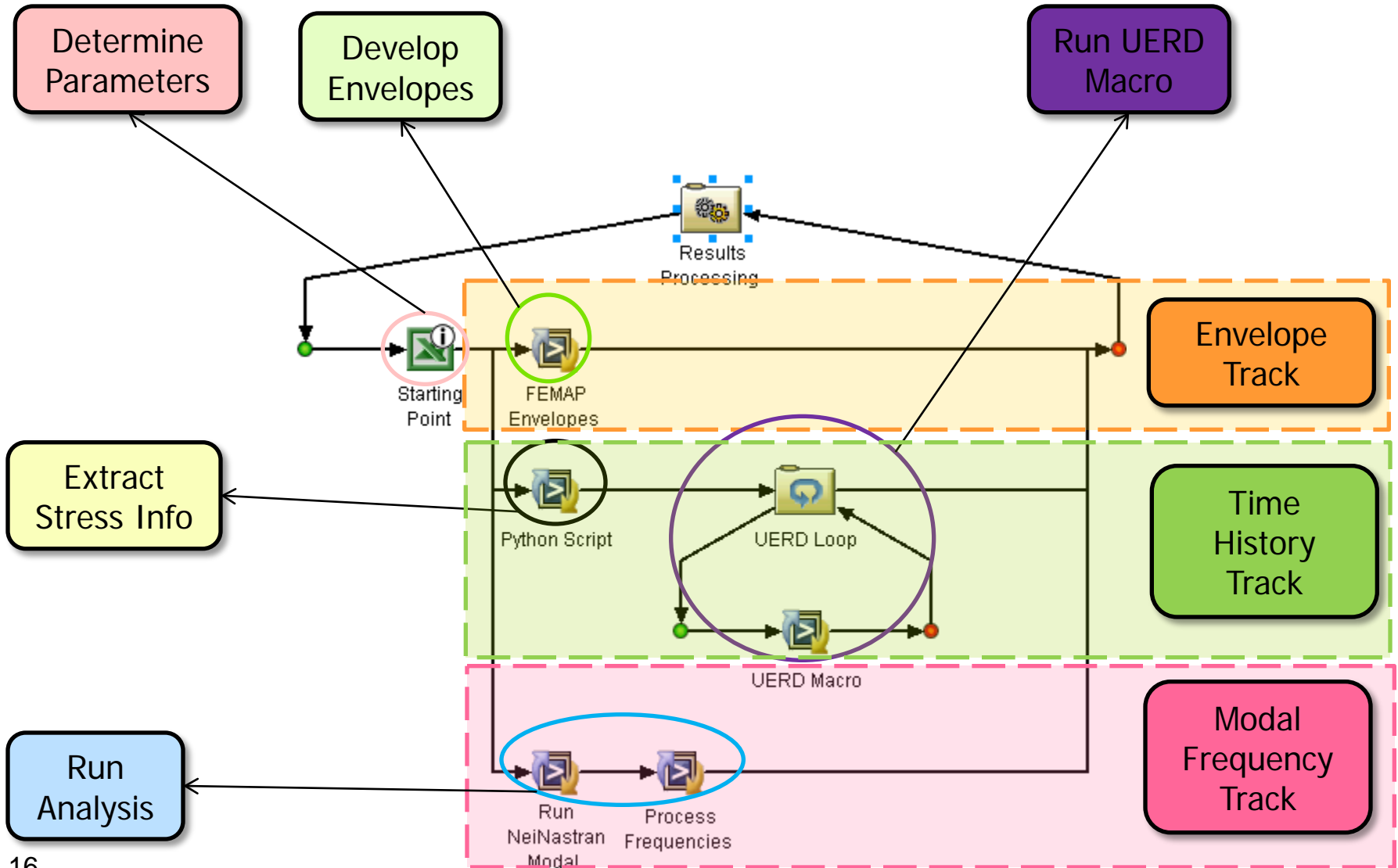
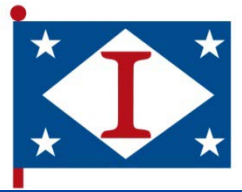
## Simflow



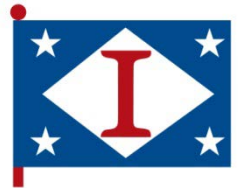
- This is a Shock and Vibration Analysis legacy process
- The objective of this process is to streamline the post processing effort of a transient analysis model and results



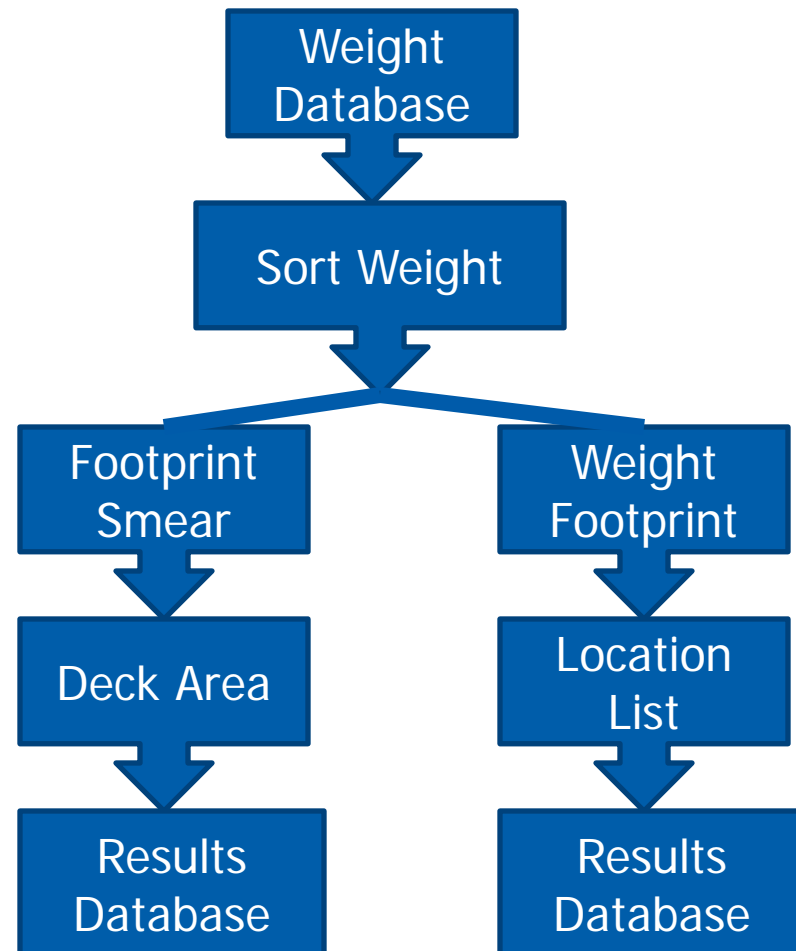
# Results Post Processing

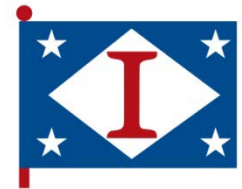


# Full Shipweight Simflow



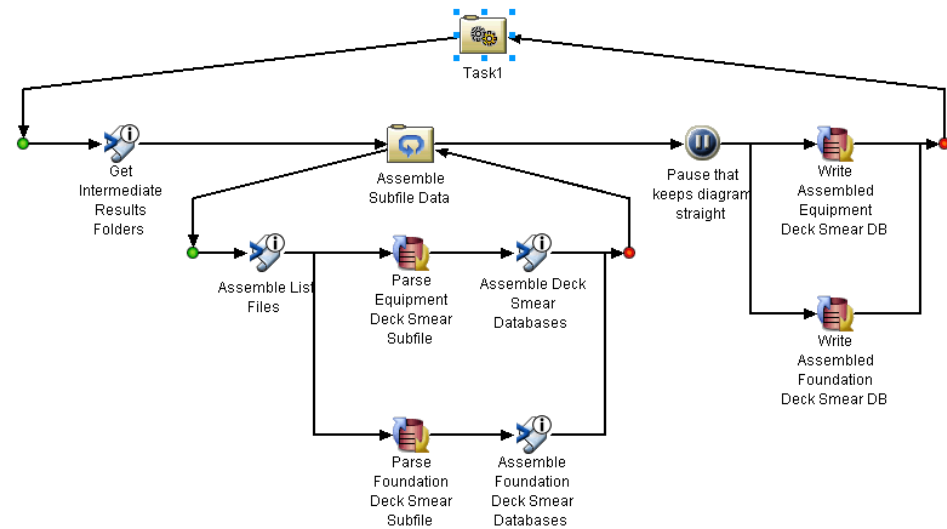
- This is a Weight Control legacy process
- The objective of this Simflow is to streamline the manipulation of the Ship Weight Database for Naval Architecture, Structural, and Shock and Vibration Analyses



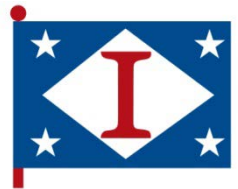


# Full Shipweight Analysis: Simflows

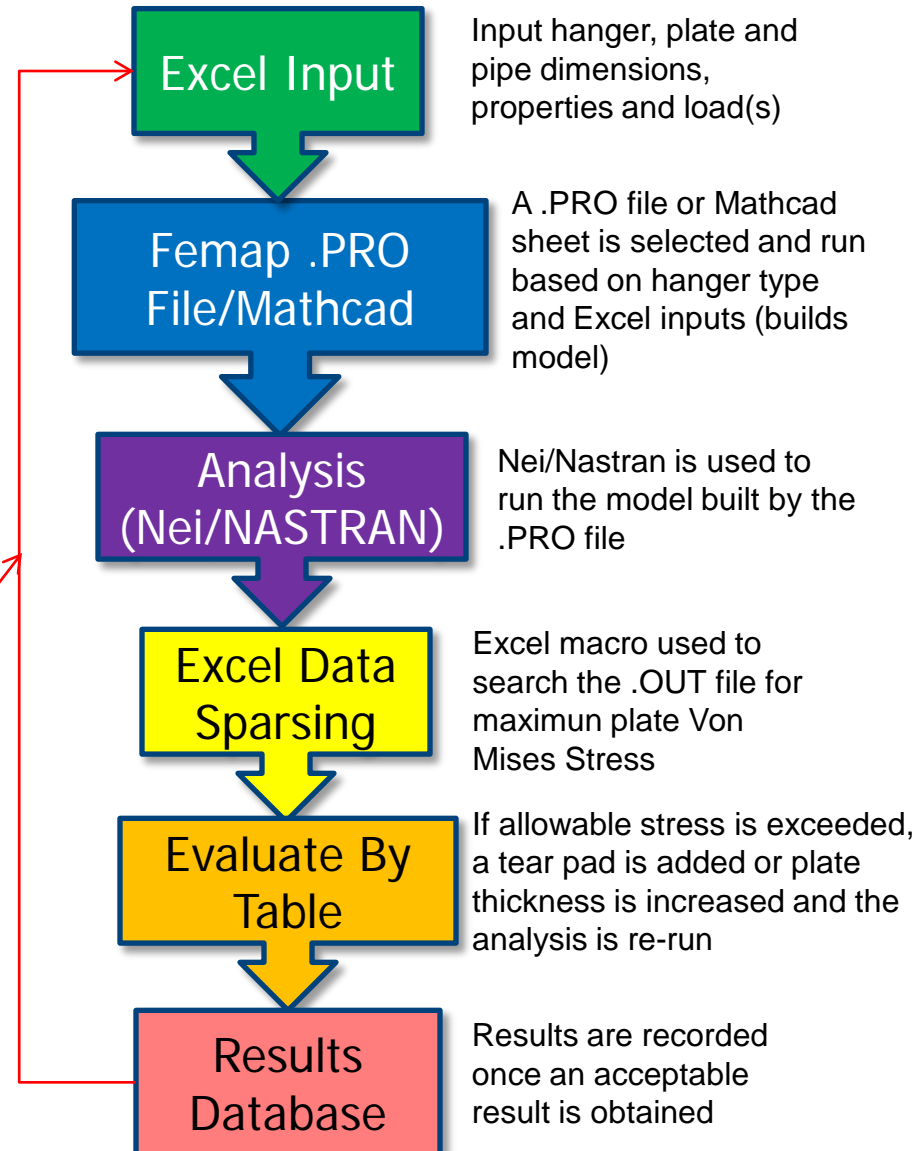
- Process broken up into 3 simflows
  - Required due to size of the weight database
  - First simflow splits database into multiple files
  - Second simflow parses database based on the parameters defined (Deck location, Foundations, and Weight Limit)
  - Third Simflow combines the results into 3 Databases.
- Resultant Databases:
  - **Deck Level Smear** - This process locates all ship elements that are not foundations and calculates the ship element footprint, and creates the **Deck Smear database**.
  - **Large Weights** - This process locates all large ship weights and then creates the **Large Weight database**.
  - **Foundations** - This process locates all ship elements that are foundations, calculates the ship element footprint, and creates the **Foundation database**.



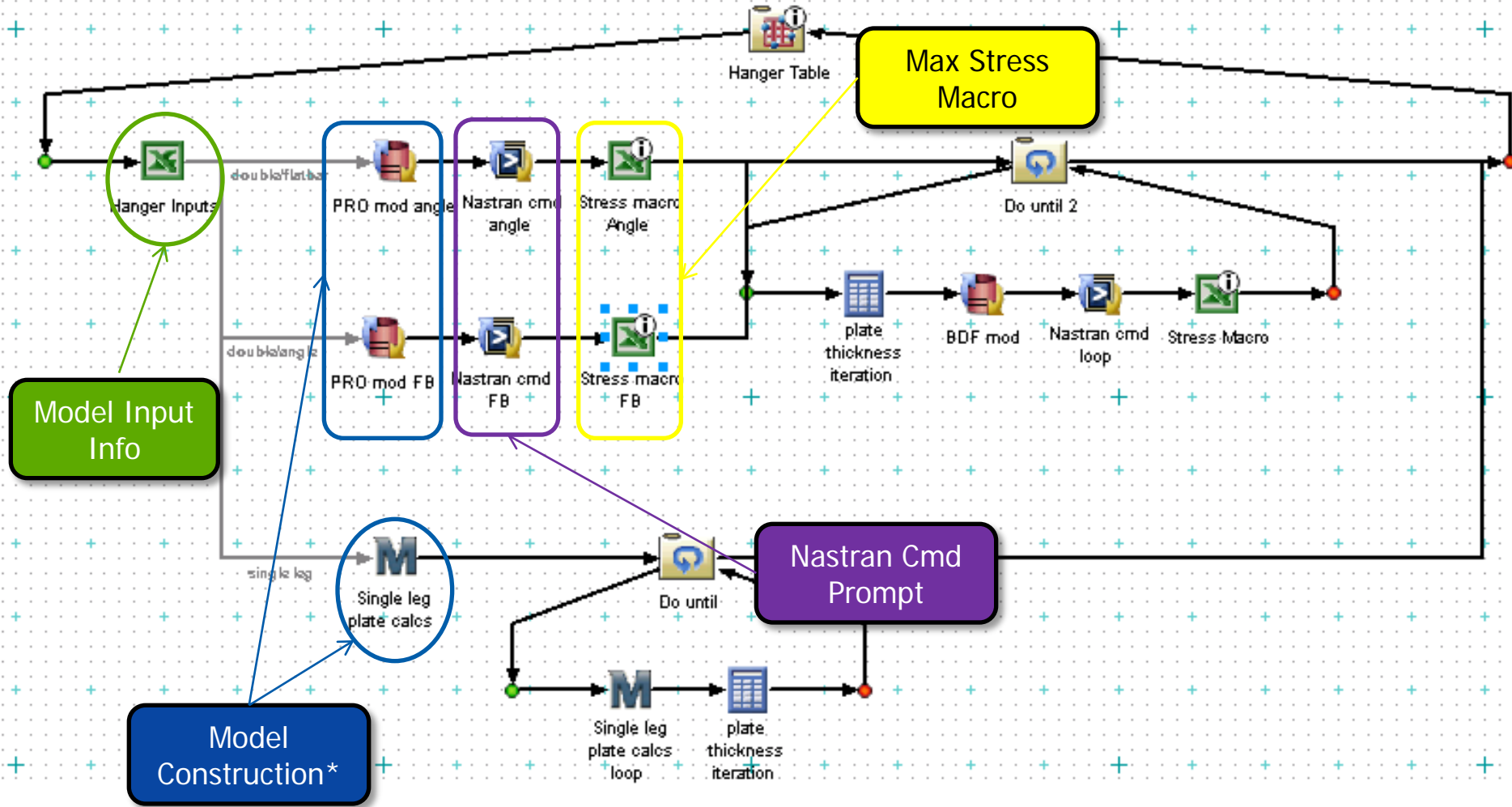
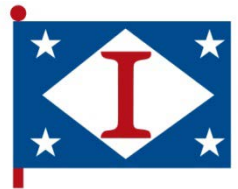
# Pipe Hanger Support Structure Simflow



- This is a Marine Technical, Shock, Noise and Vibration, and Field Engineering legacy Process
- The objective of this Simflow is to evaluate the need for support structure when pipe hangers are attached directly to plate as opposed to more substantial structure (e.g. stiffener)
- A table can be generated which provides the plate thickness needed to prevent “punch through” of the hanger legs under shock for various pipe diameters

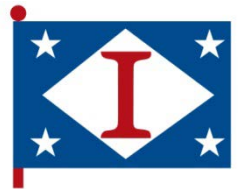


# Pipe Hanger Support: Simflow

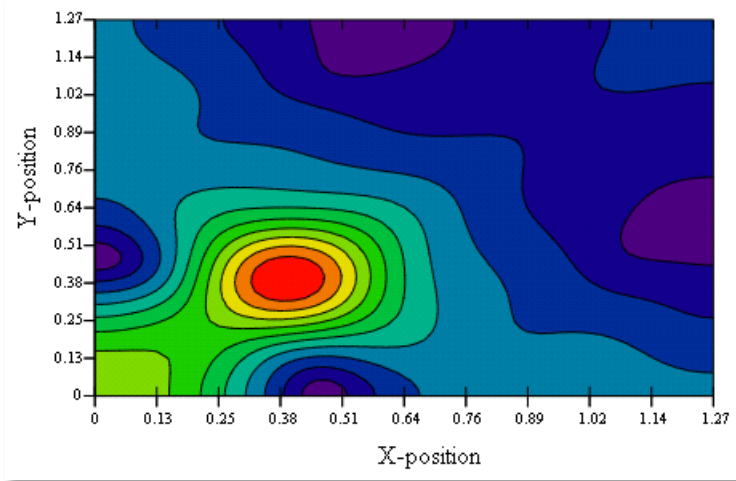


\* If the MathCad worksheet is chosen, this component builds the model, runs the analysis and post-processes the stress results

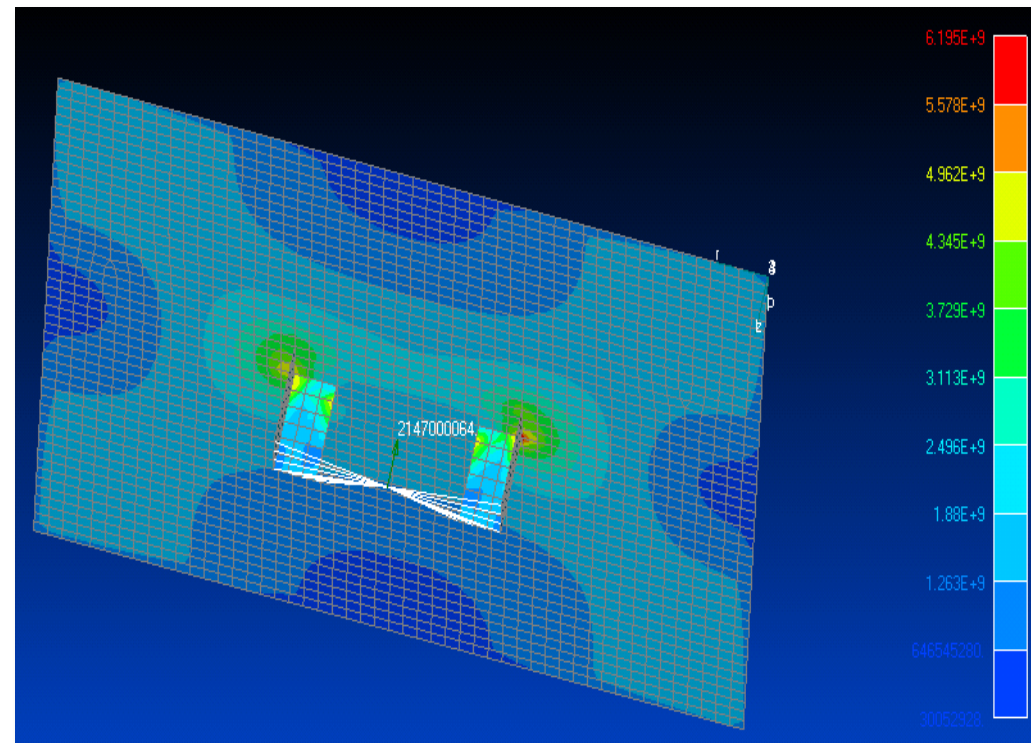
# Products of Hanger Support Simflow



## Stress Contour for Single Leg Hanger (MathCad)



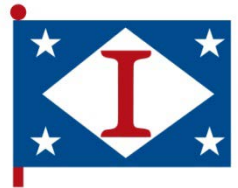
## FEM of Double Leg Hanger



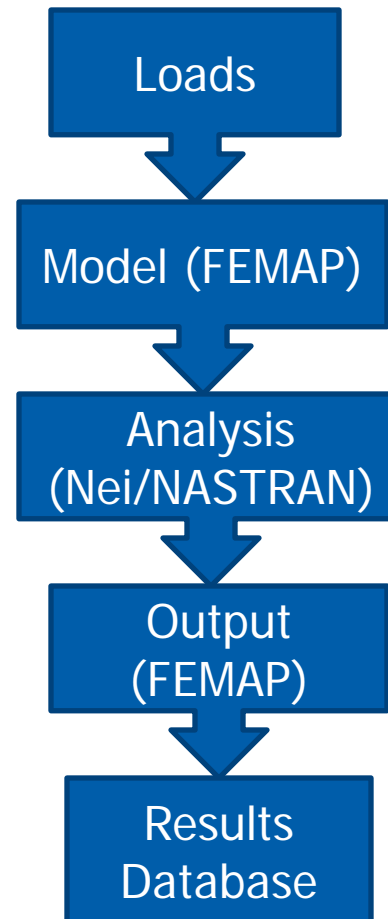
## Hanger Tear Pad Table

		H-04 Pipe Hanger														
IPS Pipe Diameter	Plate Thickness	2"	2-1/2"	3"	3-1/2"	4"	5"	6"	8"	10"	12"	14"				
3/16"		P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P				
1/4"		P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P				
5/16"				P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P				
3/8"						P	P	P	P	P	P	P				
7/16"							P	P	P	P	P	P				
1/2"								P	P	P	P	P				
9/16"									P	P	P	P				
5/8"										P	P	P				
11/16"											P	P				
3/4"												P				
13/16"													P			
7/8"														P		
15/16"															P	
1"																P

# Rafting Foundation Simflow



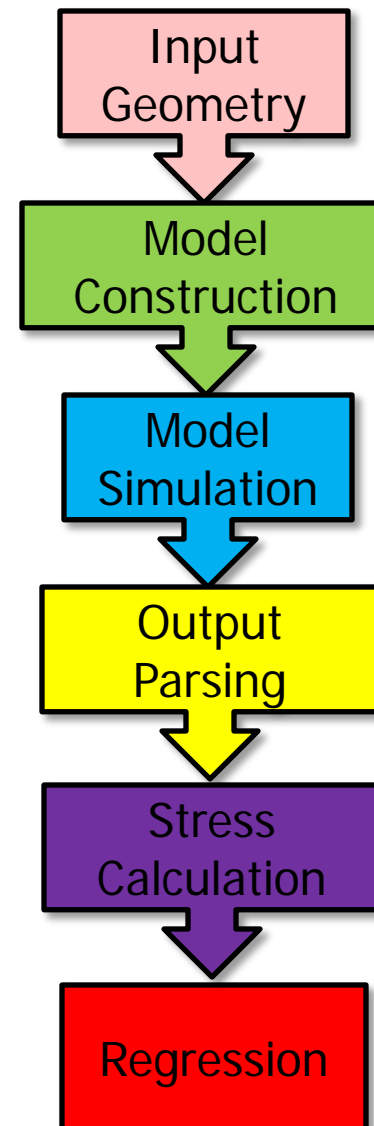
- This is a Structural Analysis legacy process
- The objective of this simflow is to calculate the required support structure for a raft or isolated foundation



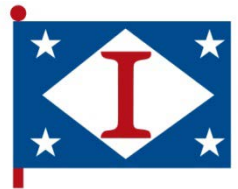
# Linearized Stress Analysis Simflow



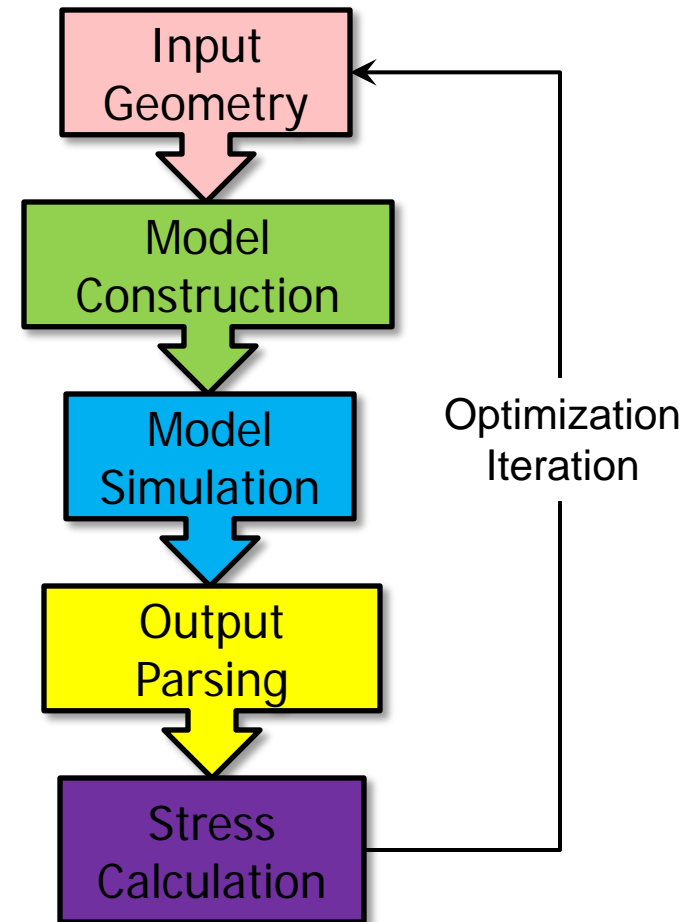
- This is a Marine Technical and Shock and Vibration legacy process
- The objective of this simflow is to evaluate the fatigue capability of a piping system component and generate a response surface as a function of several variables (e.g. weld size, pipe insertion depth, Pipe NPS)



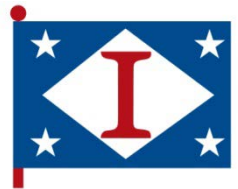
# Optimized Linearized Stress Analysis Simflow



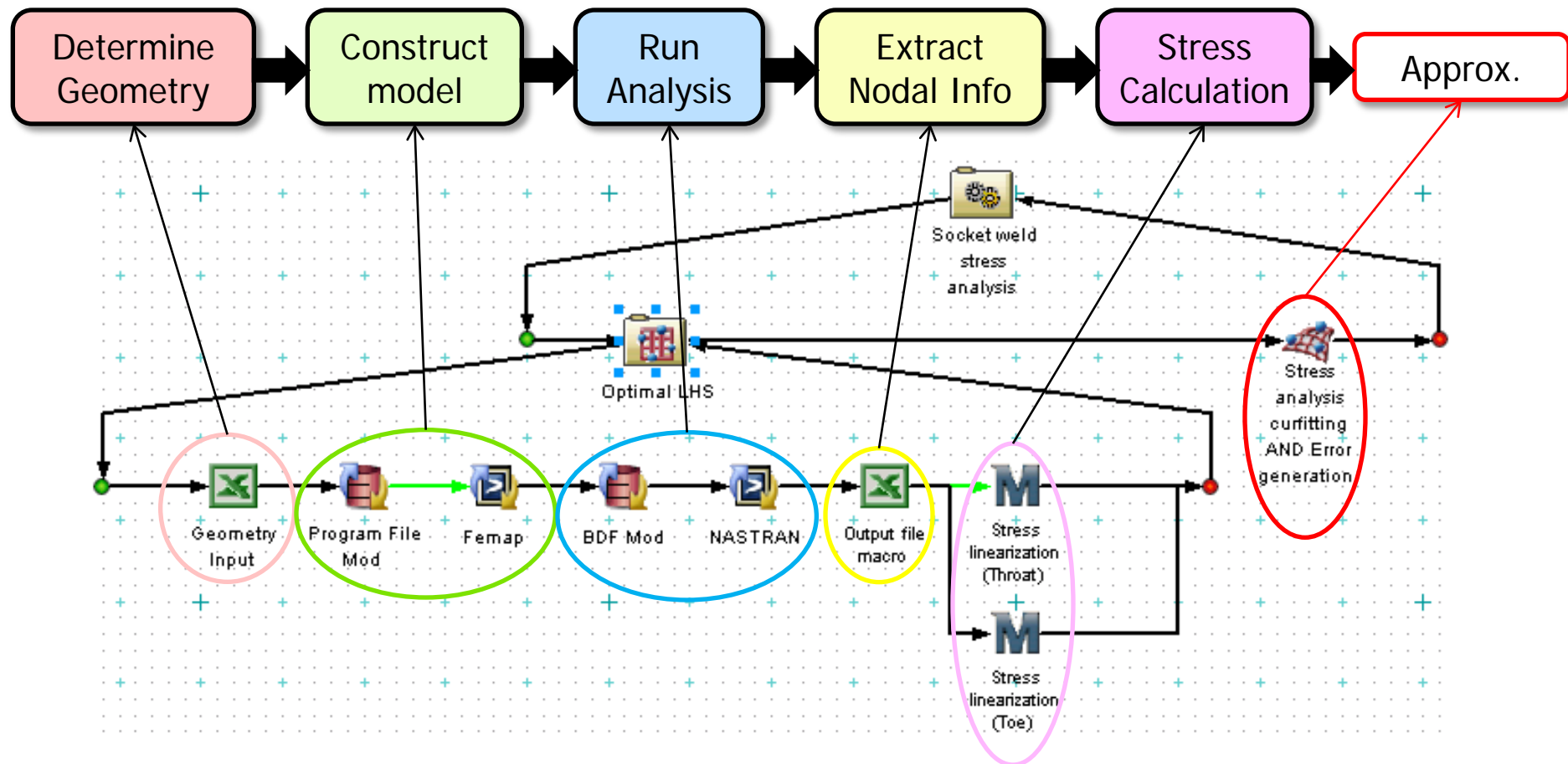
- This is a Marine Technical and Shock and Vibration legacy process
- The objective of this simflow is to evaluate the fatigue capability of a piping system component
- The optimization routine varies particular variables under realistic constraints to obtain the best solution in terms of fatigue performance
- This simflow can be set up for advance modeling by taking many variables into consideration simultaneously using one of many algorithms



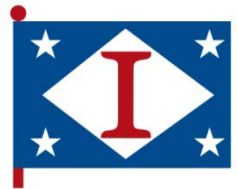
# Linearized Stress Simflow (socket weld fitting)



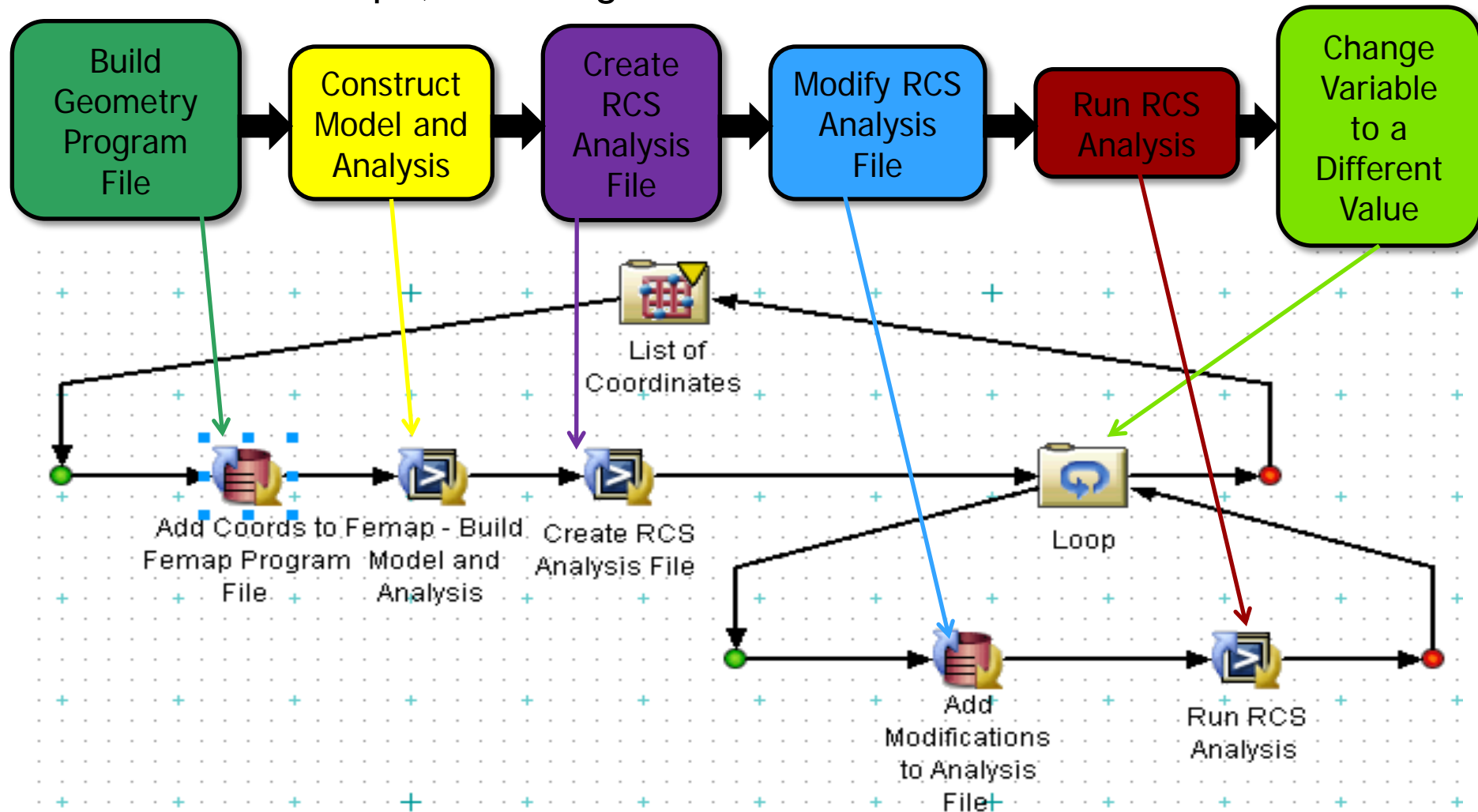
- Tasked to calculate linearized stresses across stress classification lines (SCL's) for fillet welds on socket weld joints using FEA



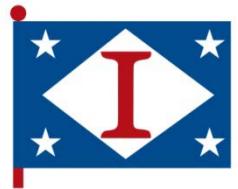
# RCS (Radar Cross Section) Component Analysis Simflow



- Analyze RCS signature of many different sizes of a component with the same basic shape, a rectangle in this case.



# DRIVER and Model Construction



- **Design of Experiments (DOE) – Data File**
  - Uses a tab delimited text file created in Microsoft Excel
  - Variables from data file – X and Z coordinates (x, z), Mesh Size (MS), and a variable to keep track of the data used for file naming purposes (label).
- **Data Exchanger/Simcode –**
  - Data file information plugged into FEMAP .PRO file through the Data Exchanger.
  - Simcode uses the .PRO file in FEMAP to create the model file and the .NAS (Nastran) analysis file.

The screenshot displays the FEMAP software interface. On the left, the 'Design Matrix' window shows a table with columns for X, z, MS, and label. The table contains three rows of data:

	X	z	MS	label
1	5	10	0.5	1
2	8	12	0.8	2
3	4	7	0.4	3

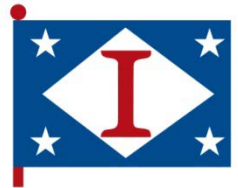
Below the table is a 3D model of a rectangular plate with a green grid. The X and Z axes are indicated by red and blue arrows respectively.

The 'Component Editor - Data Exchanger' window is open, showing the 'Add Coords to Femap Program Fl...' dialog. The 'Actions' list includes commands for creating points, locating coordinates, and creating lines. The 'Parameters' window on the right shows a list of parameters with their values and modes:

Name	Value	Mode	Type
List of Coordinates			
• l1x1	0	Integer	Integer
• label	0	Integer	Integer
• MS	0.0	Real	Real
• x	0.0	Real	Real
• z	0.0	Real	Real

The 'General Data Swipe' window is also visible, showing a 'Line' parameter set to 'Start of File' and a 'Whole Line' parameter.

# Analysis



- Another Simcode component is used to convert the .NAS file into an RCS analysis
- A loop is used to first change a variable, in this case it is an angle used in the analysis, that angle is inputted into the analysis through the use of the Data Exchanger
- The actual RCS analysis is then run through the use of another Simcode
- After the analysis, the next angle is produced from the loop and the process is repeated until all angles are finished
- Then the next set of Coordinates is produced from the DOE and the entire Simflow is executed until all Coordinates are finished

The image shows two overlapping windows from a software application. The left window is titled "Component Editor - Loop" and contains the following settings:

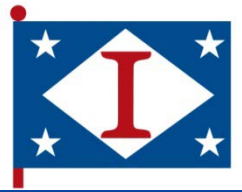
- Loop Type: For
- Parameter: ELEV
- From: Constant, Value: 1
- To: Constant, Value: 3
- Increment: Constant, Value: 2
- Action when a run fails: Fail Loop
- Execute all iterations in parallel

The right window is titled "Component Editor - Data Exchanger" and shows a table of parameters and their values. The table is as follows:

Op	Name	Value	Mode	Type
•	FREQHGH	18.0		Real
•	FREQHCR	0.00		Real
•	FREQLOW	2.0		Real
•	MSQU	11		Integer
•	SWEEP	3		Integer
•	ELEV	0		Integer
•	label	1		Integer

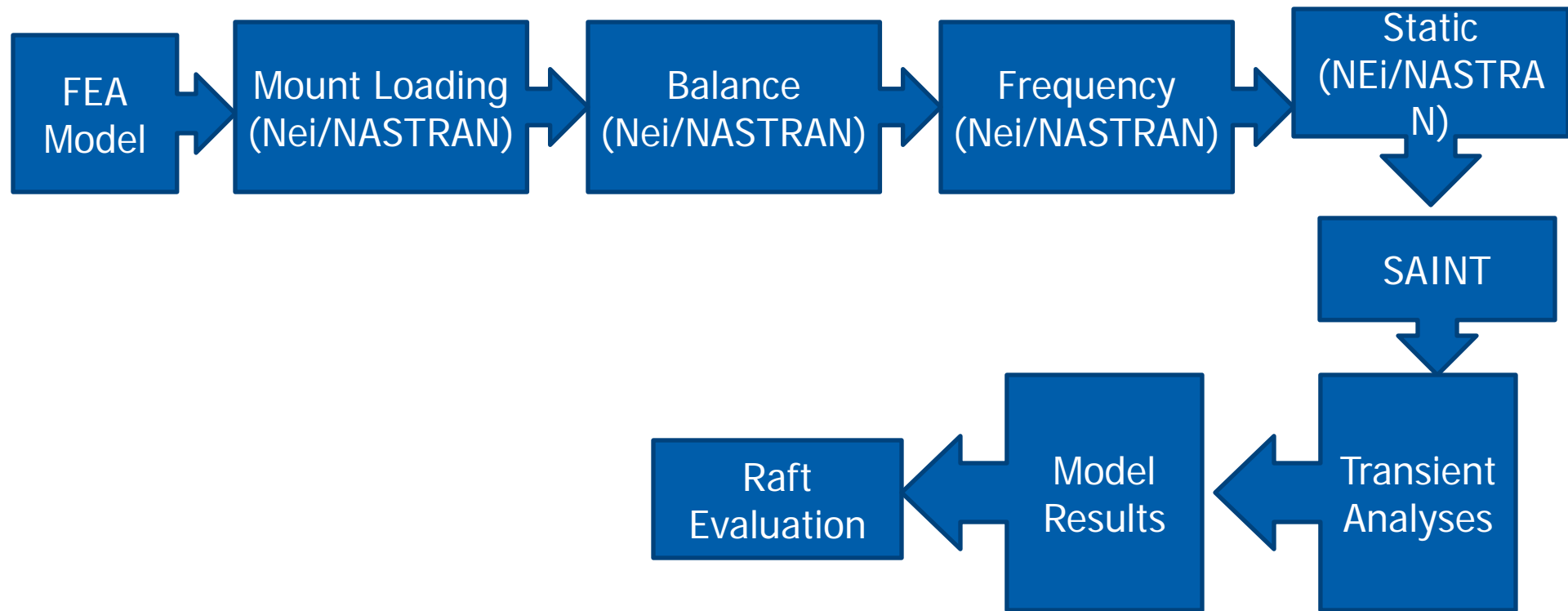
Below the table, there is a "General Data Swipe" section with a "Line" dropdown set to "Whole Line" and a "from" dropdown set to "Start of File".

# Full Rafting Analysis

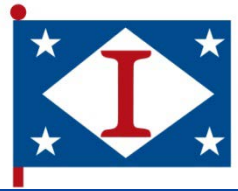


- Legacy Process

- Changes to accommodate Isight better



# Summary



- HII is leveraging previous experience with Isight to evaluate the tool's usage in technical areas of shipbuilding other than Noise, Shock, and Vibration
- The presented series of M&S 2 project HII simflows is expanding into the following other technical areas:
  - Structural Analysis
  - Weight Control
  - Marine Technical
  - Field Engineering
- As previously shown, the Isight application's flexibility improves the users' abilities to meet analysis requirements in areas such as:
  - Flexibility to incorporate multiple applications into one process flow
  - Automatically reading input files in Isight vs. manually transferring data into applicable data formats
  - Increases capability of configuration management and collection and storage of data
  - Removes the opportunity to make manual data errors
  - Processes documented in Isight give the added benefits of a good communication and training device for process owners

